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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/579,978	05/22/2006	Kazuhiro Yoshinaga	2006-0777A	3733
	7590 07/20/2007 I, LIND & PONACK, L.L	P.	EXAM	INER
2033 K STREE		• •	HENRY, M	ICHAEL C
SUITE 800 WASHINGTO	N, DC 20006-1021		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1623	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/20/2007	DADED

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Applica	ation No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/579	9,978	YOSHINAGA ET	ΓAL.
Office Action Summary	Examir	ner	Art Unit	
	Michae	el C. Henry	1623	
The MAILING DATE of this commo	ınication appears on	the cover sheet	with the correspondence a	address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE  - Extensions of time may be available under the provision after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this core. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reany reply received by the Office later than three month earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b)	MAILING DATE OF ns of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no numunication. statutory period will apply anoly will, by statute, cause the s after the mailing date of this	THIS COMMUN be event, however, may ad will expire SIX (6) M application to become	NICATION. a reply be timely filed ' ONTHS from the mailing date of this ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
Responsive to communication(s) f	iled on .			
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	2b)⊠ This action is	s non-final.		
3)☐ Since this application is in condition	•		atters, prosecution as to tl	ne merits is
closed in accordance with the practice		•	•	
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 1-7 is/are pending in the	application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is.		consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			·	
8) Claim(s) are subject to rest	riction and/or election	n requirement.		
Application Papers				
9)☐ The specification is objected to by	the Examiner.			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/ar	e: a) accepted or	b)□ objected t	o by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any ob	jection to the drawing(s	s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) includi	ng the correction is req	quired if the drawir	ng(s) is objected to. See 37	CFR 1.121(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner.	Note the attach	ed Office Action or form F	PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a clair		under 35 U.S.C	. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of: 1.⊠ Certified copies of the priori		oon received		
Certified copies of the priority      Certified copies of the priority	•		Application No.	
3. Copies of the certified copie	•			al Stage
application from the Internal	•		on received in this readone	ar Olago
* See the attached detailed Office act	•	. ,,	ot received.	
Attachment(s)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)			v Summary (PTO-413)	
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08</li> </ul>		- Protection of the last of th	o(s)/Mail Date  Informal Patent Application	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>08/10/06</u> .	,	6)  Other: _		

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1-7 are pending in the application

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Elsser et al. (WO 02/26060 A1).

In claim 1, applicant claims "A method for producing ascopyrone P, which comprises heating a solution of 1,5-D-anhydrofructose at a pH of 10 or less and a temperature of 100°C or higher." Claims 2-5 are drawn to said method wherein the heating is conducted at specific temperatures, for specific time and specific pH. Claims 6-7 are drawn to said method wherein the heating is conducted in the presence of an antioxidant and wherein the antioxidants are selected acids or their salts.

Elsser et al. disclose a method for producing ascopyrone P, which comprises heating a solution of 1,5-D-anhydrofructose with non-aqueous acid at an elevated temperature, for example of 70°C (see page 9, line 31 to page 10, line 1).

The difference between applicant's claimed method and the method of Elsser et al. is the temperature and the fact that Elsser et al. do not disclose the pH of the solution. However, Elsser et al. disclose that an elevated temperature (which includes the temperatures claimed by applicant) can be used and the pH of Elsser et al. solution may

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well be the same as applicant's (i.e., at a pH of less than 10) especially since Elsser et al. 1,5-D-anhydrofructose is treated with non-aqueous acid. Furthermore, a skilled artisan would be motivated to modify the physical parameters used in Elsser et al.'s method such as temperature, pH and time in order to optimize the process conditions and physical variables such as amounts, % yield and/or purity of product produced (i.e., ascopyrone P). It should be noted that merely modifying the process conditions such as temperature and concentration is not a patentable modification absent a showing of criticality. In re Aller, 220 F.2d 454, 105 U.S.P.Q. 233 (C.C.P.A. 1955).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art, at the time the claimed invention was made, to have used the method of Elsser et al. to produce ascopyrone P and to alter the physical parameters used in Elsser et al.'s method such as temperature and pH in order to use it as an antioxidant or antibacterial, based on factors such as availability, cost, convenience and/or need.

One having ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to use the method of Elsser et al. to produce ascopyrone P and to alter the physical parameters used in Elsser et al.'s method such as temperature and pH in order to use it as an antioxidant or antibacterial, based on factors such as availability, cost, convenience and/or need. It should be noted that it is obvious to use any acid such as or including applicant's claimed antioxidant, ascorbic acid, since Elsser et al. disclose that acid can be used.

## Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael C. Henry whose telephone number is 571-272-0652. The examiner can normally be reached on 8.30am-5pm; Mon-Fri. If attempts to

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reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Shaojia A. Jiang can be reached on 571-272-0627. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Michael C. Henry
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Shaojia Anna Jiang, Ph.D. Supervisory Patent Examiner Art Unit 1623 Page 4

July 16, 2007.